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Background

Professional Curiosity is the capacity and communication skills to explore and understand what is happening within a family rather than making assumptions or accepting service users versions of events or disclosures/responses to disclosures, at face value.

Why does Professional Curiosity Matter?

Children and Adults rarely disclose abuse & neglect directly to practitioners. If they do, it will often be through their behaviour or comments. This makes identifying abuse & neglect difficult for professionals across agencies. We know that it is better to help as early as possible. That means that all agencies and practitioners need to work together. Gain clearer insight. Use combinations of looking, listening, asking direct & open questions, checking out & reflecting on information received. Not taking a single source of information & accepting it at face value. Seeing past the obvious.

Further research

https://learning.nspcc.org.uk/case-reviews

https://www.bl.uk/collectionitems/child-neglect-beprofessionally-curious

https://adc.bmj.com/content/archdischild/106/2/108.full.pdf

https://letterfromsanta.nspcc.or g.uk/globalassets/documents/inf ormation-service/factsheetdisguised-compliance.pdf 7 minute Briefing Professional Curiosity

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Professional Curiosity

Reviews into child deaths repeatedly highlight the need for practitioners to be alert to the risk of fixed thinking & perceptual bias. Inquires have shown the extraordinary lengths some abusive parents can go in their efforts to deceive practitioners & therefore you need to consider **Disguised Compliance** (giving the appearance of co-operating with agencies to avoid raising suspicions & allay concerns).

The **Daniel Pelka** review emphasised need for professionals to be able to "think the unthinkable". This does not mean assuming the worse but more being able to think objectively about evidence presented.

Questions to ask yourself

- Am I remaining Curious & inquisitive about what I am seeing/assessing? Am I open to new information?
- Would I be prepared to change my mind? How confident am I that I have sufficient information to base my judgements?
- Do I need to add a 'health warning' about the strength of evidence contained in this assessment/implications for decision making?
- How can I use relationships to create change?
- Is sufficient time being allowed for critical reflection/decisions?
- Do the family have the capacity to change? (eg LD, Substances)

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Barriers to Professional Curiosity

- Losing focus on the child through over identifying with carers
- Over optimism
- Making assumptions
- Being afraid to raise concerns/ question families
- Time constraints
- Lacking confidence or assertiveness to ask sensitive questions
- Unconscious bias

'Respectful Uncertainty' - Described by Lord Laming (2003) in the Victoria Climbie inquiry. The capacity to explore & understand what is happening within a family rather than making assumptions or accepting things at face value, maintaining an open mind. Be more curious / inquisitive. Supported by a child focused approach, an openness to other perspectives, building on partnership style relationships with families whilst constantly aware of the child's needs/ degree to which not met. Base judgements on evidence not optimism, seek clarity on decision basis made.

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